

Panduit	Bill	of	Material

Part Number

Description

Service Entrance			
<i>GC</i> E250-250	"E" Style Grounding Connector for 1/0 STR - 250 kcmil (70 - 120mm²)		
GUBC500-6	Universal Beam Grounding Clamp for #6 AWG - 500 kcmil (16 - 240mm²)		
KP2-L	Bronze Grounding Clamp, 1 1/4" to 2" iron pipe range		
GB4B0624TPI-1	Grounding Busbar, 1/4" x 4" x 20"		
LCC2/0-14AW-X	Two-hole, Long Barrel Lug with Window, 2/0 AWG wire, 1/4" stud hole, .63" hole spacing		
Pathway			
GB2B0306TPI-1	Grounding Busbar, 1/4" x 2" x 12"		
LCC6-14JAWH-L	Two-hole, Long Barrel Lug with Window, #6 AWG wire, 1/4*" stud hole, .50"63" hole spacing, 45° angle tongue		
GPL-22-X	Bronze Grounding Clamp, .365575" wire dia. range 11/4" IPS		
HTWC2-2-1	HTAP & CLRCVR2-1 clear cover, code #2 - #6 AWG STR/SOL, flex #2 - #8 AWG or flex #8 - #14 AWG		
ACG24K	Armored Cable Jumper #6AWG, 24", LCC6 two-hole copper compression lug, black polypropylene terminal cover		
GACB-2	Tray/Wyr-Grid® cable bracket; 1.63" (W), 3.95" (H), 5.22" (D), screw		
Micr	o Data Center, IDF, IZE and Control Panel		
RGRB19Y	Grounding busbar, 19", 14 holes, #12-24 \times 1/2" and M6 \times 12mm screws		
RGS134-1Y	Cabinet/Rack grounding strip; 78.65" (2m) length with screws		
RGTBSM6G-C	Green thread-forming bonding screw, #12-24 \times 1/2"		
CNBK	Green bonding cage nut, includes 50 #12-24 bonding cage nuts		
RGEJ657PFY	Equipment Jumper, 6 AWG, 57", bent lug, screws		
RGESDWS RGESD2-1	ESD wrist strap, 6', banana plug, ESD port, screws, antioxident		
UGB2/0-414-18	StructuredGround™ Universal Ground Bar System, 18 ports, #14 - #4 AWG wire, comp. or mech. Conn., 11.64" (L), 0.62" (W), 0.48" (H)		
PNF10-14R-L	Ring Terminal, 12 - 10 AWG, 1/4" stud size, funnel entry, nylon insulated		
BS100845	Braided Bonding Strap, one-hole, insulated, 8.00" (L), 1.06" (W)		
G2X2LG6EMI	2" × 2" PanelMax™ Shielded Wiring Duct; 6-ft		
SD2EMI	EMI noise shield kit, 2" height, two 3-ft sections, bonding clips, paste		

Applicable Standards

- Panduit References
- NEC Article 250 & 645.15 TIA 607-B & 1005
- StructuredGround™ Telecommunications Bonding Flyer (D-GRFL02--SA-ENG-StructuredGrndTelecm-W.pdf)

BICSI

For More Information

For more information, contact your local distributor or Panduit Sales Representative

- www.panduit.com\ia

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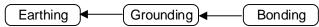
About this Configuration

A proper grounding and bonding system is essential for personnel safety, equipment protection, equipment operation and reliable network communication. An appropriately designed grounding and bonding system is intentional (designed, specified), visually verifiable (e.g., green and yellow cable jacket), and consists of adequately sized conductors to safely handle expected electrical currents and dissipate electrical noise.

Earthing, Grounding and Bonding

The terms earthing, grounding and bonding are often interchanged. However, there are specific meanings:

- **Earthing** Earth or a conductive body that is connected to earth.
- Grounding The point at which all "Bonded" conductors come together at "Earth".
- Bonding Electrically connecting all exposed metallic items not designed to carry electricity such as enclosures, trays, racks, cable armor, etc. to a ground.



Grounding for Safety

Cable trays, enclosures, communication/control cable, chassis, or metallic surface can be inadvertently energized by a power cable short or lightening, potentially leading to shock causing injury or equipment damage. A dedicated grounding conductor safely directs the hazardous stray electrical current to ground.

Ground Loop

A ground loop is an unwanted current in a conductor connecting two points that should be at the same potential. This is a result of multiple ground connections to earth creating a potential difference. This can be DC voltage, AC voltage, EFI noise, power harmonics, etc.

Grounding and Bonding for Network Communication

Stray electrical noise and ground loops can disrupt electronic equipment, especially Ethernet gear. There are varying methods to suppress. Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Ethernet cable has limited noise cancellation. Shielded Twisted Pair (STP) cable is more effective as it has a metallic sheath that is bonded to dissipate the electrical noise. The challenge is to maintain equipotential (An Equalizing Potential Conductor may be needed). Network cable protected by a grounded noise shield or shielded duct is designed to dissipate electrical noise in an enclosure. Also, a flat, wide bonding strap bonded to the enclosure door and side panels dissipates noise more effectively than standard cable (skin effect of high freq. noise). The goal is to implement a single ground reference throughout.

